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APPLIED MATHEMATICS-II
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Exam/Common/2354/2251/5422/Nov'17

## Duration: 3Hrs.

## M.Marks:75

## SECTION-A

Q1. Choose the correct answer.

## $5 \times 1=5$

i. Which one is a measure of dispersion?
a) Mean
b) Median
c) Mode
d) Range
ii. Order of differential equation $\left(y^{\prime \prime \prime}\right)^{2}+2 y^{\prime \prime}+3 y=x$
a) 1
b) 2
c) 3
d) 4
iii. A square matrix A is singular if $|A|$ is
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) 3
iv. If $x=\sin 3 t$, then acceleration at $\frac{\pi}{2}$ is ( $x$ stands for displacement at time t )
a) -9
b) -3
c) 3
d) 9
v. The equation of the normal to the curve $y=\sin x$ at $(0,0)$ is
a) $x=0$
b) $y=0$
c) $x+y=0$
d) $x-y=0$

Q2. State True or False.
a. $\lim _{\theta \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{Sin} \theta^{\circ}}{\theta}$ is equal to 1
b. $\int \sin 4 x d x=\cos 4 x$
c. If $D \neq 0$, then system has unique solution
d. If the mean of $4,3,7, x, 10$ is 6 then $x=6$
e. The integral of $\log x$ w.r.t $x$ is $\frac{1}{x}$

Q3. Fill in the blanks.
i. $\int e^{m x} d x$ is equal to -------.
ii. Area of trapezoid $=\frac{1}{2}$ (sum of parallel side) $x$-------.
iii. If AB is defined then $(A B)^{t}=$ $\qquad$
iv. Integration is defined as the ------ of differentiation.
v. The differential co-efficient of a constant is ------.

## SECTION-B

Q4. Attempt any six questions.
(i) If $=a\left(t+\frac{1}{t}\right), y=a\left(t \frac{1}{t}\right)$ where "a" is constant. Then prove that $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{x}{y}$
(ii) If $k x+y-z=0 ; x-3+z=3$ and $4 x-3 y+z=5$, and system is inconsistent, then find the value of $k$.
(iii) Evaluate $\int_{0}^{\pi / 2} \frac{d x}{1+\cot x}$
(iv) If $y=\left(\sin ^{-1} x\right)^{2}$, prove that $\left(1-x^{2}\right) y_{2}-x y_{1}=2$
(v) Evaluate $\int \cos ^{4} x d x$
(vi) The probability of the horse $A$ winning the race is $1 / 4$ and the probability of horse $B$ winning the race is $1 / 3$, find the probability that one of the horse wins the race.
S.B. Roll No $\qquad$
(vii) Calculate the median of the following data:-

| Class Interval | $0-5$ | $5-10$ | $10-15$ | $15-20$ | $20-25$ | $25-30$ | $30-35$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 12 | 15 | 25 | 40 | 42 | 14 | 8 |

(viii) Evaluate $\int x \tan ^{-1} x d x$
(ix) Find the point on the curve $y=10+2 x-x^{2}$ where the curve has slope unity.

## SECTION-C

Q5. Attempt any three questions.
$3 \times 10=30$
(i) Solve the following equations by matrix method
$x-y+z=4, \quad x-2 y-2 z=9, \quad 2 x+y+3 z=1$
(ii) Using Simpson's Rule, calculate the approximate value of $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{1+x^{2}} d x$ by dividing the interval 0 to 1 into four equal parts. Hence obtain the value of $\pi$ correct to four places of decimals.
(iii) Solve the differential equation

$$
y^{2}\left(x^{2}-1\right) \frac{d y}{d x}-x^{2}\left(y^{2}-1\right)=0
$$

(iv) a) Differentiate $e^{\tan x}$ w.r.t $\sin x$.
b) Determine the point of maxima of $f(x)=\sin x+\cos x$ in $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$
(v) Find S.D and coefficient of variation of following data

| Marks | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of students | 5 | 10 | 20 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 | 4 |

