

S.B. Roll No.....

COMMUNICATION SYSTEM-I
4th Exam/ECE/ETV/ECE-II/6127/2361/Nov' 2016

Duration : 3 Hrs

M. Marks : 75

SECTION – A

Q1. Attempt all Questions

15x1=15

- (a) The electromagnetic signals are also called..... .
- (b) Another name for varactor diode is
- (c) Armstrong is FM generation method.
- (d) The FM receiver operates on the principle of
- (e) The frequency range for the MW band is from to
- (f) The artificial boosting of higher modulating frequencies is called as
- (g) Light has wavelength in the range of to
- (h) Fading means the variation and fluctuation in the at the receiver.
- (i) The inner most layer in Optical fiber cable is
- (j) orbit is used to put the remote sensing satellites.
- (k) The standard IF value for AM receiver is
- (l) A unipole is also known as
- (m) UHF stands for
- (n) The unit of illuminance is the
- (o) AGC stands for

SECTION – B

Q2. Attempt any five Questions

5x6=30

- (a) Explain SSB transmitter using filter method.
- (b) Explain the working of AGC.
- (c) Draw a block diagram of super heterodyne radio receiver.
- (d) Write the advantages of optical fiber communication system.
- (e) Describe satellite communication system with block diagram.
- (f) Explain refraction, reflection and interference.
- (g) What is telemetry, trading and command system with circuit diagram?

SECTION – C

Q3. Attempt any three Questions

3x10=30

- (a) Explain the block diagram of communication system and also write the applications of communication system.
- (b) Compare ground, sky and space wave propagation.
- (c) Explain the construction and working of yagi-uda antenna with circuit diagram, also write the advantages and its applications.
- (d) With the help of block diagram explain the operation of AM transmitter.
- (e) Explain various types of losses in an optical fiber in detail.