	No

DIGITAL ELECTRONICS 3 RD Exam/ECE/ECE-II/ETV/CSE/COMP/IT/EEE/0620/Nov'18			
Duration: 3Hrs. M.			
SECTION-A			
a. In a digital system, digital signal requires channel bandwidth. b. Collection of 4 bits is called c. Radix of octal number is d. BCD numbers express each decimal digit as a e. TTL stands for f. An inverter is also known an g. The XOR gate is sometimes referred to as h. LSI & VLSI devices use technology. i. A multiplexer changes data into data. j. To overcome race around condition type of flip flop is used. k. A ripple counter is sequential circuit. l. IC 74194 is shift register. m. The fastest A/D Converter is n. Draw symbol of XNOR.	15x1=15		
o. The 2's complement of 11001000 is			
SECTION-B			
Q2. Attempt any six questions.i. Convert each binary number to decimal	6x5=30		
a) (110011.11) 2 b) (101010.01) 2 c) (1000001.11 ii. Explain ASCII code and convert a binary 1001011 to gray code. iii. What are the different error detection and correction codes? iv. Discuss the characteristics of TTL Logic Family. v. Explain the laws related to Boolean algebra. vi. Explain De Morgan's theorems. vii. Difference between Combinational and Sequential Circuit. viii. Design 4 bit ring counter.)2		
SECTION-C			
Note: Attempt any three questions. Q3. Explain the universal property of NAND & NOR Gate. Q4. Draw the Karnaugh Map for the following of four variables i. F(A,B,C,D)=∑m(0,1,2,3,4,5,10,11) ii. F(A,B,C,D)=∑m(2,3,6,7,10,11,14,15) Q5. Write a short note on the following. (any two) a) Half Adder b) DEMUX c) Dual slope A/D Converter. Q6. Explain the working principle of JK Master/ Slave flip flop and its truth table. Q7. Explain Serial to Parallel Shift Register.	3x10=30		