Roll No.

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1241/MH

CS-2058 INORGANIC CHEMISTRY-I

(Common for B.Sc., B.Sc. Biotech.) (Semester-VI)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 26

Note :- Attempt five questions in all, selecting nvo questions each from Section A and B. Section C is compulsory.

SECTION-A

I. (a) What is Pearson's HSAB Principle? What are the various limitations of this principle?

(b) Discuss the effect of substitution on hardness and softness of an acid.

- (c) Which of the following rx. will proceed in the forward direction and why?
 - (i) $BF_3 H^+ + BH_3 F^- \longrightarrow BF_4^- + BH_4^+$
 - (ii) $CaO + H_2S \rightarrow CaS + H_2O$.

II. (a) Describe how Mulliken-Jaffe definition of electronegativity is related to hardness of acids and bases, with example ?

2.5

1

1.5

1.5

- (b) Write a short note on symbiosis with example.
- III. (a) Explain mechanism of H₂ reduction by nitrogenase enzyme complex.
 - (b) Discuss co-operativity in haemoglobin and how is it conveyed?
- IV. (a) What are metalloporphyrins? Discuss the structure and role played by haemoglobin and myoglobin as O_2 carriers.
 - (b) Discuss the biological importance of Ca²⁺. How is it different from that of Mg²⁺?

SECTION-B

- V. (a) Discuss Muller-Roehow process for the synthesis of silicones.
 - (b) Why do polyphosphazene chains prefer cis-trans conformations to a trans-trans conformation? Give three important uses of polyphosphazene.
- VI. (a) Discuss general features of dn-pn model for bonding in $(NPCl_2)_3$.
 - (b) Complete the following reactions:
 - (i) SiHCl₃ +C₆H₆ \rightarrow
 - (ii) $PCI_5 + NH_4CI \rightarrow$
 - (iii) $(NPCl_2)_3 + C_6H_5Mgl \rightarrow$

(iv)
$$(NPCL_2)_3 \xrightarrow{KSO_2 f}$$

2

1.5

2.5

1.5

2.5

1.5

2

2

2

- VII. (a) How homogeneous hydrogenation of C₂H₄ is carried oujt by using Wilkinson's catalyst?
- 1.5

- (b) Define metal carbonyls. Draw structure of
 - (i) $Ni(CO)_4$
 - (ii) Fe(CO)₅
 - (iii) Cr(CO)₆
 - (iv) $Mn_2(CO)_{10}$.

- 2.5
- VIII. (a) Explain EAN rule. Which of the following obey this rule?

 $Cr(CO)_6 : Mn(CO)_3 (\pi - C_5 H_5); Fe(\pi - C_5 H_5)_2.$

2

2

(b) What do you understand by beta-elimination in transition metal-alkyls?) How can it be avoided? Give examples.

SECTION-C (Compulsory Question)

- IX. Answer all the following:
 - (a) Hard-hard interactions are generally ionic, soft-soft interactions are generally covalent. Why?
 - (b) Sodium pump is electrogenic in nature. Comment.
 - (c) Write a short note on organoaluminium compounds.
 - (d) Discuss and draw the structure of Zeise's salt.
 - (e) What are metal olefin complexes? Discuss the structure of $[Pt Cl_3(C_2H_4)]$ ion. (5x2=10)