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## 1242/MH

# CS-2058 ORGANIC CHEMISTRY-II

(Common for B.Sc., B.Sc. Biotech.) (Semester-VI)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours] [Maximum Marks: 26

**Note :-** Attempt two questions each from Section A and B carrying 4 marks each, and the entire Section C consisting of 5 short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each.

#### **SECTION-A**

- I. (a) Explain why are Pyrrole, Thiophene and Furan classified as aromatics?
  - (b) Complete the following reactions giving mechanism:

(i) 
$$\frac{C_6 \overset{\odot}{H_5}\overset{\oplus}{Li}}{383K} ?$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{\text{(i) HCN, HCI}}{\text{(ii) H}_2\text{O}^{\oplus}}?$$
 (2,2)

(b) Complete the following reactions giving mechanism:

(i) 
$$\frac{\text{Oleum}}{\text{N}} ?$$

(ii) 
$$(CH_3COO)_2Hg \rightarrow ?$$
 (2,2)

- III. What are Inhibitors? Give the preperation and uses of
  (i) Neoprene, and (ii) PVC. (4)
- IV. (a) What are Enamines? Draw the structure of enamine formed between Piperidine and Cyclohexanone How will you alkylate it?
  - (b) Starting from Malonic ester how will you synthesize

$$H_3C_2$$
—  $CH$ —  $COOH$  ? (2,2)  
 $CH_3$ 

### **SECTION-B**

- V. (a) Describe briefly the Killiani-Fischer synthesis for lengthening the carbon chain of aldoses by one carbon atom.
  - (b) Prefix D- is given to fructose even though it is Laevorotatory. (3,1)

- VI. What are Disaccharides? Discuss briefly the structure of Maltose and Lactose, and draw the structure. (4)
- VII. (a) Write a short note on Iso-electric point.
  - (b) Sketch the mechanism for the transformation of Isobutyl alochol to Leucine. (2,2)
- VIII. (a) What are Conjugated proteins? How are they classified.
  - (b) What are Nucleic acids? Give the difference between DNA and RNA. (2,2)

#### **SECTION-C**

- IX. Answer all the following:
  - (a) Out of two which one is more basic, and why?
    - (i) Pyridine, and (
      - (ii) Pyrrole.
  - (b) What is the difference between two notations Nylon-6 and Nylon-6,6? Give one example in each case.
  - (c) What is the difference between Erythrose and Threose? Give one example in each case.
  - (d) Write the structure of Alanine at pH = 3 and pH = 10.
  - (e) In what way Nucleotide is different from Nucleoside? Give one example in each case.

(2x5=10)